### Water-soluble Developer

ZYGLO® ZP-14A is a free-flowing powder developer which dissolves in water to form a clear, biodegradable solution. It forms an uniform white coating on the test part surface, providing a contrasting background around penetrant indications.

ZP-14A is recommended for use with our post-emulsifiable penetrants (ZL-2C, ZL-27A, ZL-37).

#### **FEATURES**

**ZP-14A** 

- Bright, highly-defined indications
- Can be cleaned off with water
- Even, uniform coverage
- Chromate and nitrite free

#### SPECIFICATION COMPLIANCE

- AMS2644
- ASME BPVC-V
- ASTM E165/E165M-18
- ASTM E1417/E1417M
- MIL-STD-2132

#### **APPLICATIONS**

#### Defect location: open to surface

#### Ideal for:

- Use with our post-emulsifiable penetrants
- Castings
- Forgings

#### Defect examples:

- Cracks
- Porosity

#### COMPOSITION

A blend of organic salts, surface active agents and corrosion inhibitors.

#### **PRODUCT PROPERTIES**

Form and colour	White powder
AMS 2644 class	Form b - Type 1
Density	0.6 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Corrosion	Meets AMS 2644

Like all Magnaflux materials, ZP-14A is closely controlled to ensure batch-to-batch consistency, optimum process control and inspection reliability.

#### **USER RECOMMENDATIONS**

NDT Method	Penetrant Testing
Storage temperature	10°C to 30°C
Usage temperature	5°C to 55°C
Cleaner/remover	SKC-S, ZE-4B, ZR-10C
Post-emulsifiable penetrants	ZL-2C, ZL-27A, ZL-37

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## ZP-14A

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE**

Before using any developer, ensure the test surface is clean, free from excess penetrant, and dry. Residue from water-based penetrants can be removed with a water spray; solvent-based penetrants by wiping with a solvent cleaner.

With **visible penetrants**, cracks will appear as red lines and porosity as spots. If you see a general reddish colour or pink film, that means the penetrant was not completely removed.

With **fluorescent penetrants**, indications will fluoresce bright yellow/green under UV light (we recommend our EV6000 UV-LED lamp). If you see a general greenish film, that means the penetrant was not completely removed.

Apply by immersion dip, spray or flow on techniques (see below) for just long enough to completely cover the part.

Dry the part thoroughly. For best results, use forced warm air drying at around 60°C. Remove from the dryer as soon as the developer is dry or it could bake on and be difficult to remove.

Allow a minimum of 10 minutes development time before inspecting the component.

After inspection, wash off the developer film with a water spray and, if necessary, a brush.

#### Spray or flow-on application

Avoid foaming as foam bubbles in the developer film can cause voids in the dried coating.

#### Immersion dip application

Make up a developer bath:

- Ensure that the developer tank and the part to be tested are clean. Excess penetrant will contaminate the bath and shorten its life.
- Fill the tank with the appropriate amount of water (see table below) that is no hotter than 50°C. We recommend using soft water or de-ionised water where possible. ZP-14A baths may show traces of fluffy sediment in hard water; this will not interfere with the developer or its removability.
- Wearing a suitable filter face mask, slowly add the required amount of powder (see table below) while agitating the water.
- Continue mixing until the powder is fully dispersed.
- Don't leave the component in the bath for too long - this will reduce the sensitivity of the process by removing penetrant from shallow discontinuities.

We recommend the following concentrations for the make-up of your developer bath:

Penetrant type	Concentration of powder per litre of water
ZYGLO	120 - 200 g

The concentration should be monitored on a regular basis to maintain the correct working strength is maintained. To do this, take a known volume of the bath, evaporate off the water and weigh the residue. The concentration can be calculated as follows:

For a 50 ml sample volume: **Weight of residue** (g) x 20 = Concentration (g per litre)



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A less accurate method is to measure the specific gravity of the bath and cross-reference with the graphs below:

Graph of ZP-14A Bath specific gravity versus concentration at various temperatures

1.065 Specific gravity (g/cm<sup>3</sup>) 1.06 ---- 20 °C 1.055 - 27 °C 1.05 •••••• 15.5 °C 1.045 1.04 1.035 120 150 180 Concentration (g/litre)

#### PACKAGING AND PART NUMBERS

5 Kg 055C010

Packaging for this product is made from recycled materials and is recyclable.

#### **HEALTH AND SAFETY**

Review all relevant health and safety information before using this product. For complete health and safety information, refer to the Safety Data Sheets, which are available at **www.magnaflux.eu**